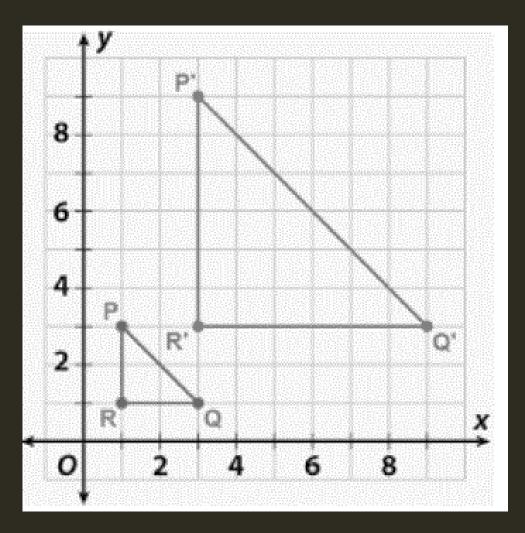
## OPENING



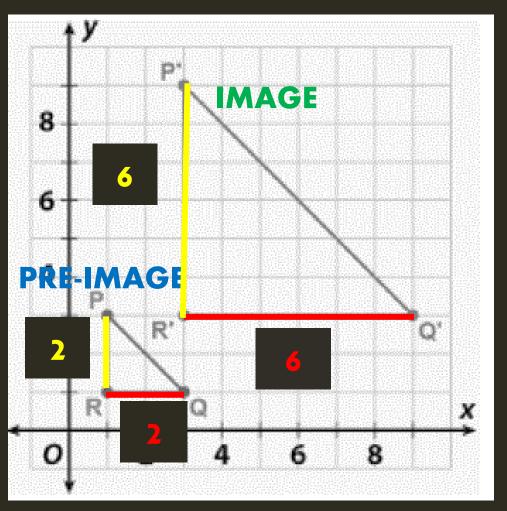
What is the scale factor of the similar figures on the left?

### **HELPFUL HINT**

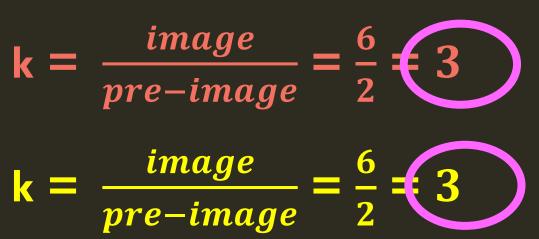
Use a pair of horizontal sides or vertical sides to find the scale factor.



## OPENING



What is the scale factor of the similar figures on the left?

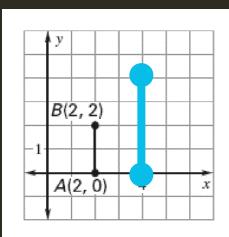


## HOW DO I DILATE A FIGURE?

#### <u>STEPS:</u>

- 1) Write down the coordinates of the vertices of the figure.
- 2) Multiply the x- and y-values by the scale factor.

Use the scale factor to find the coordinates of the dilated figure: <u>EX 1:</u> A(2, 0), B(2, 2); k = 2



$$A(2 \times 2, 0 \times 2) \longrightarrow A'(\underline{4}, \underline{0})$$
$$B(2 \times 2, 2 \times 2) \longrightarrow B'(\underline{4}, \underline{4})$$

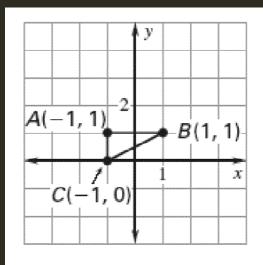
### **MORE GUIDED PRACTICE**

#### STEPS:

- 1) Write down the coordinates of the vertices of the figure.
- 2) Multiply the x- and y-values by the scale factor.

Use the scale factor to find the coordinates of the dilated figures:

**EX 3:** A(-1, 1), B(1, 1), C(-1, 0)) k = 3



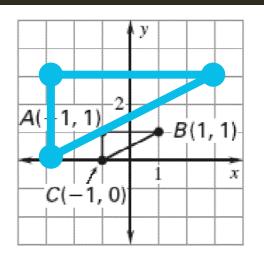
### ON YOUR OWN

#### <u>STEPS:</u>

- 1) Write down the coordinates of the vertices of the figure.
- 2) Multiply the x- and y-values by the scale factor.

Use the scale factor to find the coordinates of the dilated figures:

**EX 3:** A(-1, 1), B(1, 1), C(-1, 0) 
$$k = 3$$



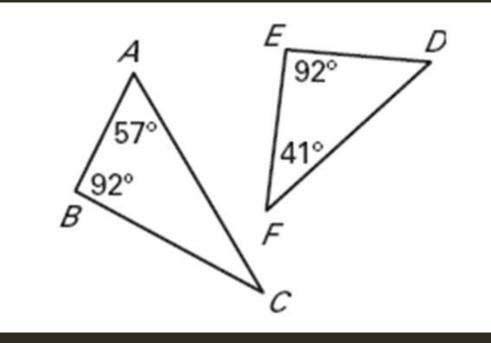
$$A(-1 \times 3, 1 \times 3) \longrightarrow A'(\underline{-3}, \underline{3})$$
  

$$B(1 \times 3, 1 \times 3) \longrightarrow B'(\underline{3}, \underline{3})$$
  

$$C(-1 \times 3, 0 \times 3) \longrightarrow C'(\underline{-3}, \underline{0})$$

## 1) ARE THESE TRIANGLES SIMILAR? WHY OR WHY NOT? If so, write a similarity statement.

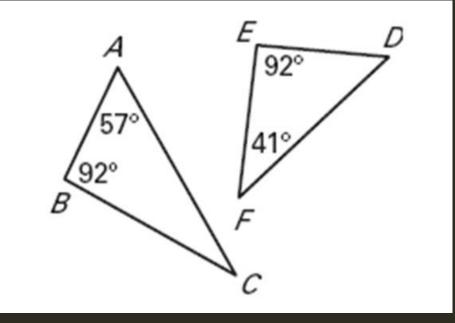
 $\Delta$  ABC ~



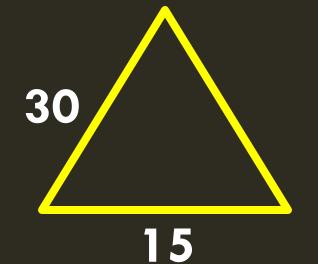
### 1) ARE THESE TRIANGLES SIMILAR? WHY OR WHY NOT?

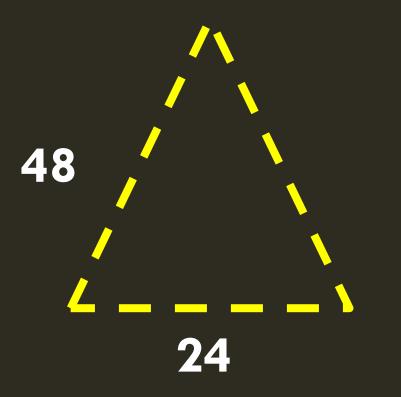
 $\Delta$  ABC ~

#### by NOT SIMILAR

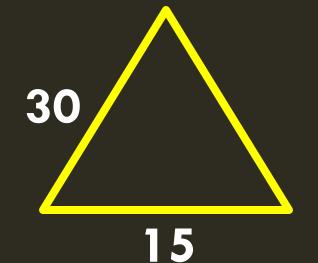


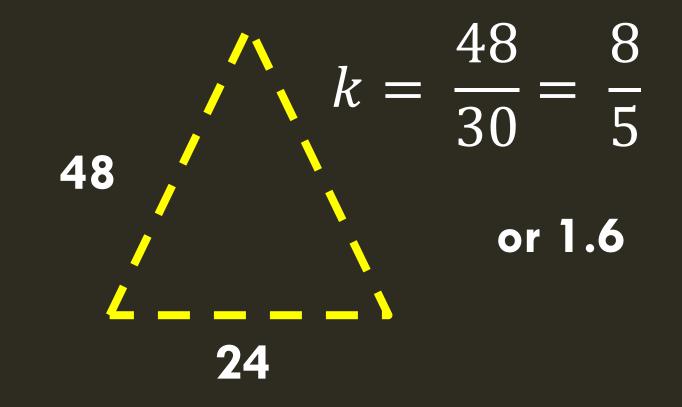
#### 2) WHAT IS THE SCALE FACTOR?



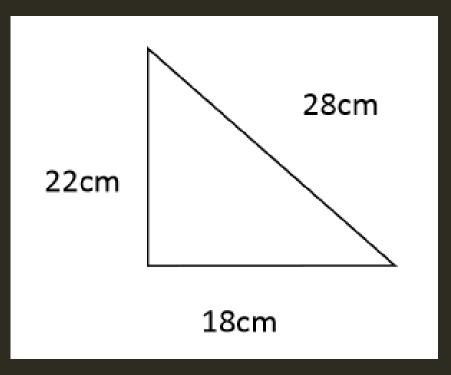


#### 2) WHAT IS THE SCALE FACTOR?

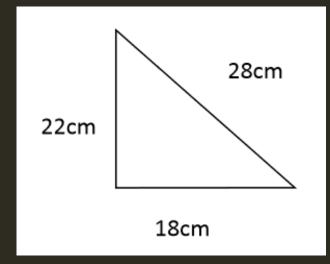




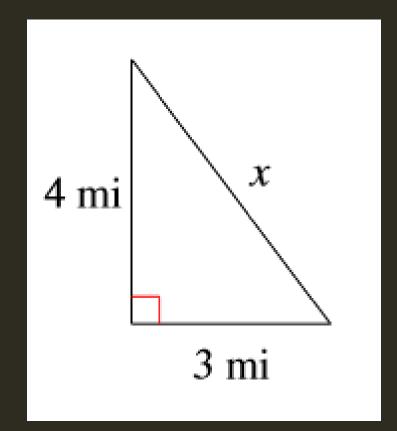
#### 3) FIND THE **PERIMETER** OF THE FIGURE.

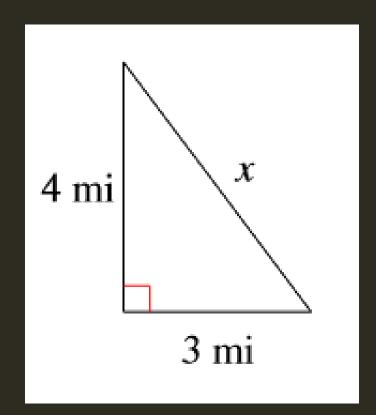


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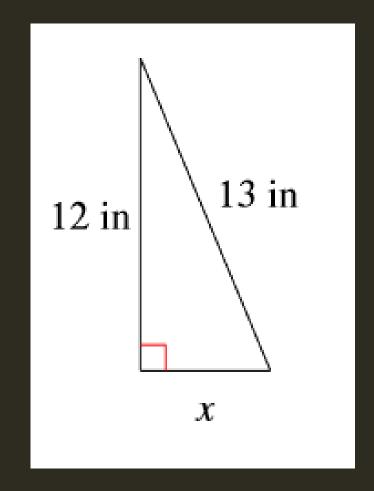


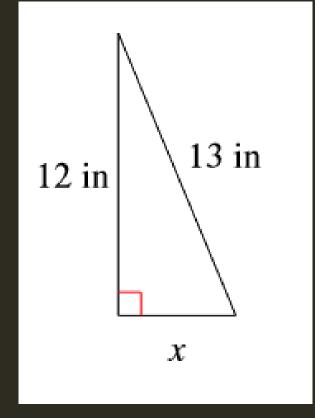
### $P = S_1 + S_2 + S_3$ A = 28 cm + 22 cm + 18 cm A = 68 cm





 $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$  $3^2 + 4^2 = c^2$  $9 + 16 = c^2$  $25 = c^2$  $\sqrt{25} = \sqrt{c^2}$ c = 5 mi



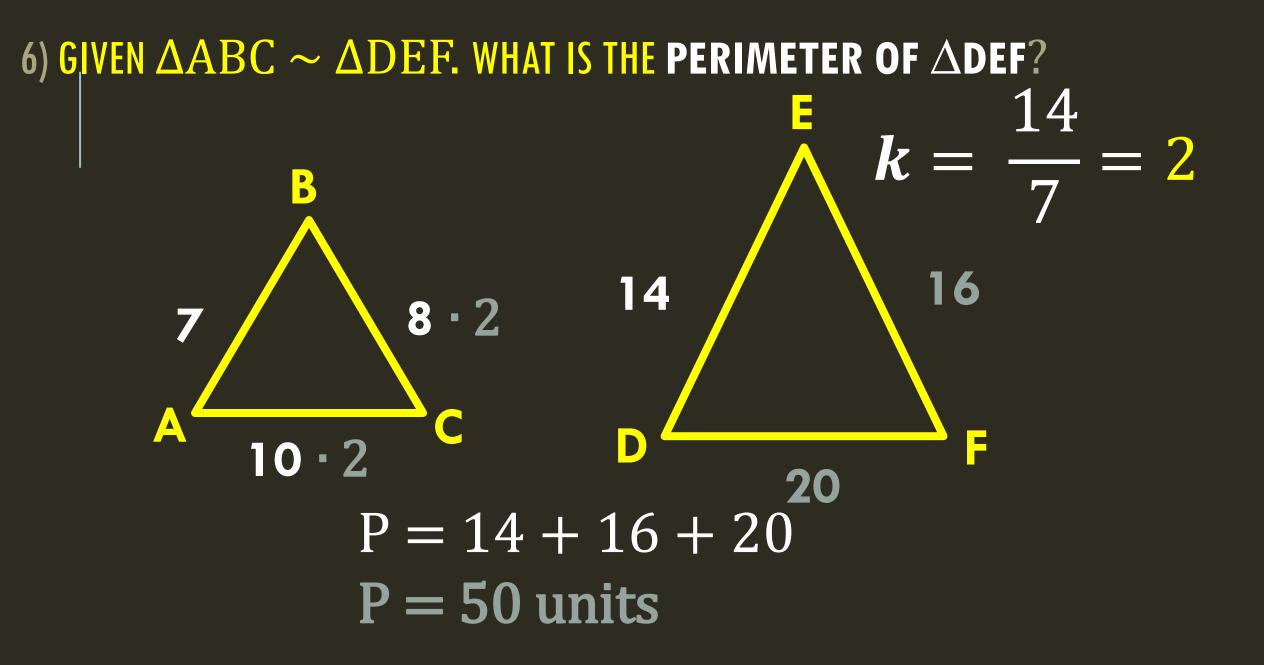


 $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$  $12^2 + b^2 = 13^2$  $144 + b^2 = 169$ -144 - 44  $\sqrt{b^2} = \sqrt{25}$ b = 5 mi

#### 6) GIVEN $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$ . WHAT IS THE PERIMETER OF $\triangle DEF$ ? F B 14 8 7 A F D 10

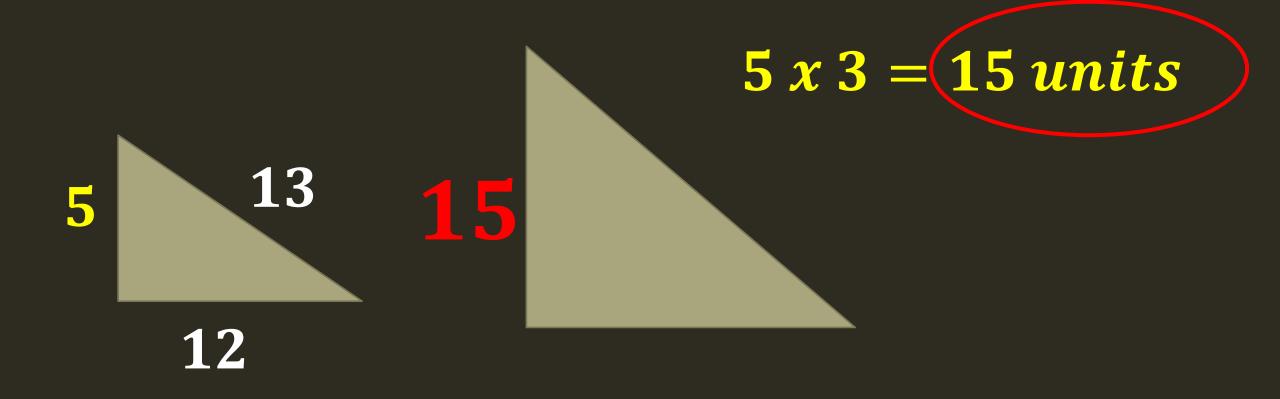
## **SCALE FACTOR FORMULA**

#### \*Scale Factor = <u>Image Length</u> = <u>NEW</u> Pre-Image Length OLD



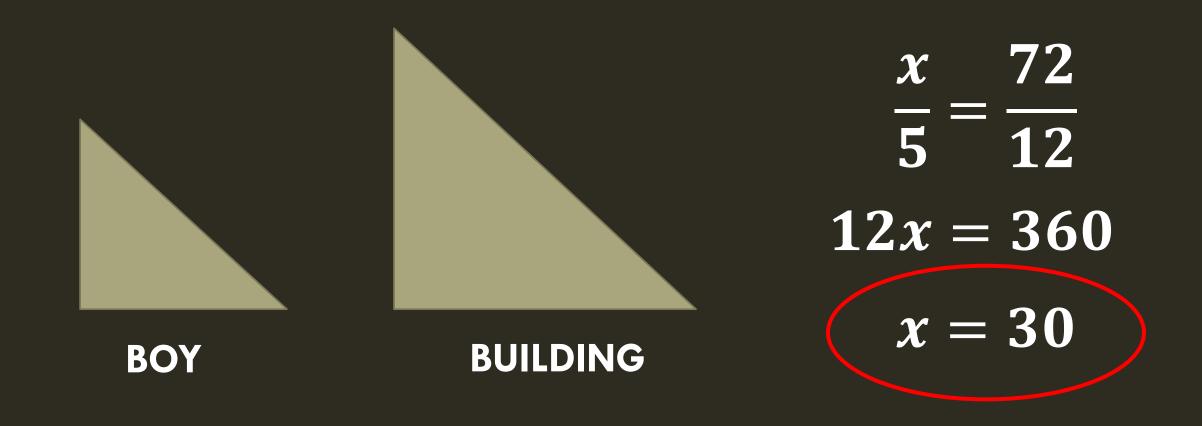
#### 7) A RIGHT TRIANGLE WITH A HYPOTENUSE 13 UNITS LONG AND ONE LEG 12 UNITS LONG IS DILATED WITH A SCALE FACTOR OF 3. WHAT IS THE LENGTH OF THE SHORTEST SIDE OF THE NEW TRIANGLE?

#### 7) A RIGHT TRIANGLE WITH A HYPOTENUSE 13 UNITS LONG AND ONE LEG 12 UNITS LONG IS DILATED WITH A SCALE FACTOR OF 3. WHAT IS THE LENGTH OF THE SHORTEST SIDE OF THE NEW TRIANGLE?

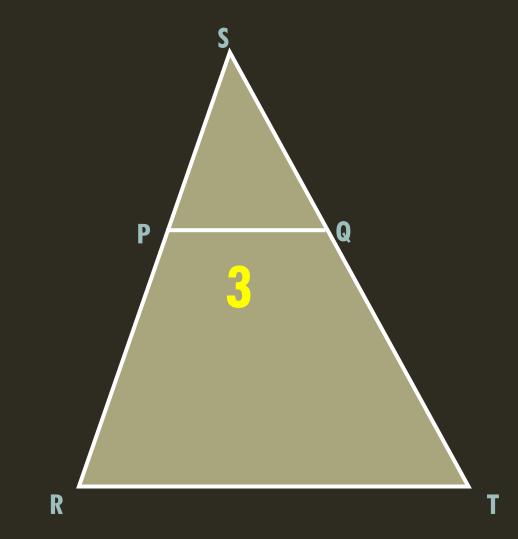


8) A BOY WHO IS 5 FT. TALL CASTS A SHADOW THAT IS 12 FT LONG. AT THE SAME TIME, A BUILDING NEARBY CASTS A SHADOW THAT IS 72 FT LONG. HOW TALL IS THE BUILDING? *Draw a picture.* 

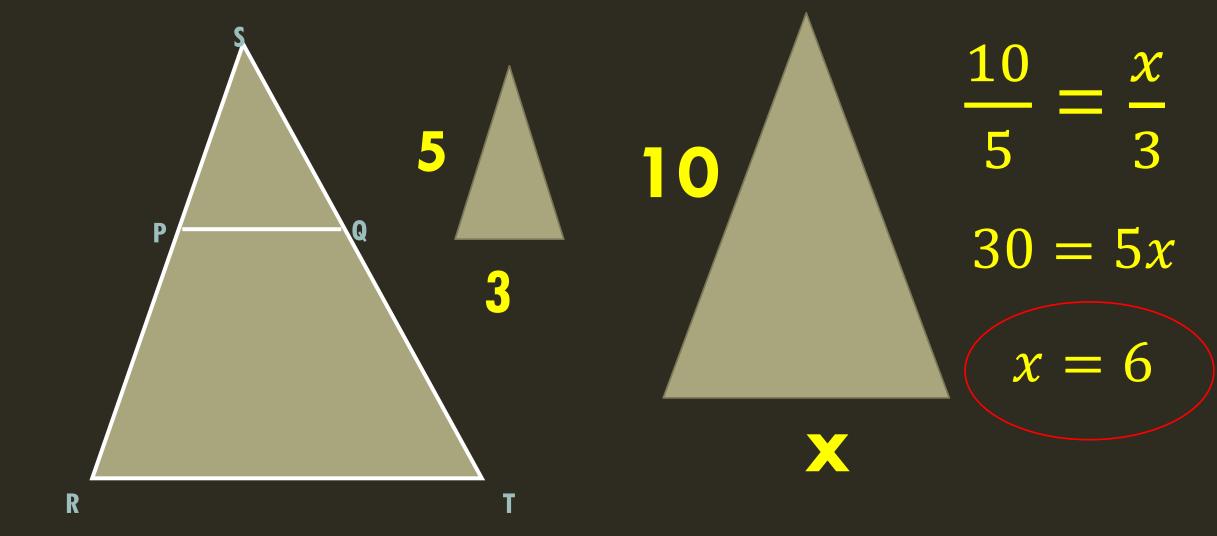
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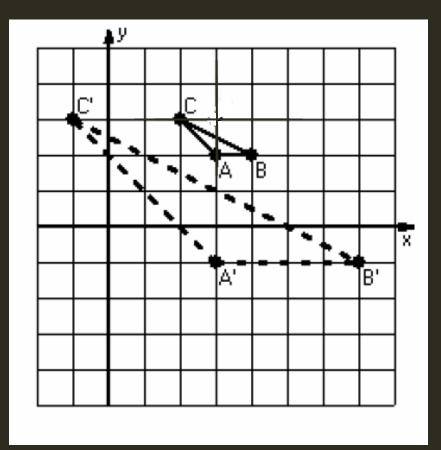


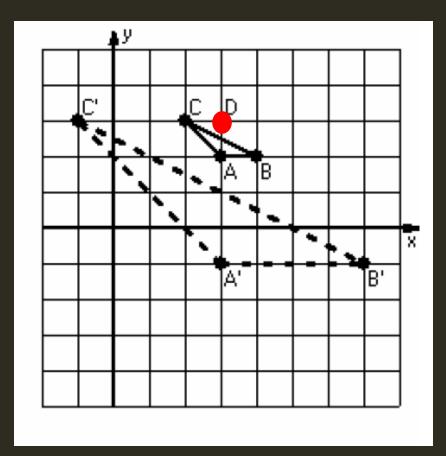
#### 9) SP = 5. SR = 10. What is the length of segment RT?



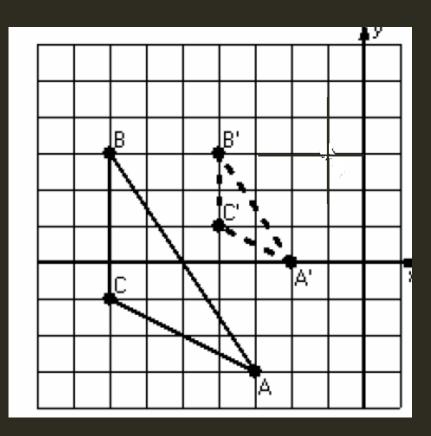
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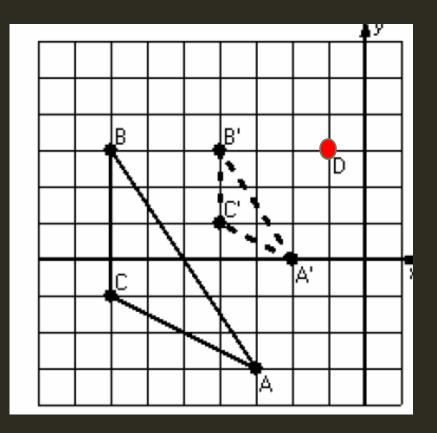


# The center of dilation is at (3, 3).



. .

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## The center of dilation is at (-1, 3).